

## Safer York Partnership Performance Report

### For Meeting of Community Safety Overview & Scrutiny Committee

#### PERFORMANCE REPORT ON COMMUNITY SAFETY PLAN

##### Introduction and Overview

- 1.1 This is an updated version of a report that went to Safer York Partnership Board (SYP) in October 2010. Data and/or update information on progress is not held by the SYP support team for all of the indicators contained within the plan and Local Area Agreement. Therefore this report does contain gaps where information is missing.
- 1.2 There is no new data for around half of the indicators. There have been no surveys completed recently (Talk-about / Place). A version of the Talk-about / Place survey is out for internal consultation at the moment. Results from these surveys are likely to be available in January / February 2011.
- 1.3 In terms of the overall measure of Crime Groups on IQUANTA, York is currently 13<sup>th</sup> in its family of most similar CSP's. This is one place higher in its family than at the start of the previous quarter. Violent crimes are still predicted to come in over target for strategy end, but York is in 7<sup>th</sup> position within its family grouping (Assault with Injury)
- 1.4 The lowest performing area on Iquanta (15<sup>th</sup>) is Cycle Theft. This is preventing York improving on its overall crime family position. The levels of cycle theft continue to be an issue. For the past 5 months, levels of cycle theft have been significantly above target. It is predicted that there will be around 500 more cycle theft crime than last year which will be a rise of around 40 to 45%.
- 1.5 Although figures for overall crime in the last four months are under target, it is predicted that there will be around 400 more crimes in 2010/11 than in 2009/10. This is mainly made up of cycle theft as described above.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
Overall BCS Crimes	824.6	650	650	649
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		12	13	13

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
Overall BCS Crimes	824.6	666		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		13		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	11931	11876	10861	10354	9896
Out-turn		10010	9906	7547	7947 (Est)

## Safer Neighbourhoods

2.1 The only crime indicator for this section is Criminal Damage and this continues to be under target. The most recent comparison data indicates that York is no longer worst performing in its group. It is estimated that York will have lower levels of criminal damage in 2010/11 than in 2009/10 accounting for a change in around 200 crimes.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
Criminal Damage (excl 59)	284.3	175	209	199
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		12	10	10

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
Criminal Damage (excl 59)	284.3	218		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		11		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target		3985	3781	3592	3412
Out-turn	4189	3697	3630	2777	2583 (Est)

2.2 The most recent estimate of NI35 is Level 2. At present a target level has not been set for 2010/11. Work under the Prevent agenda is normally reported as a separate item.

### NI 35

Indicator	Type	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 35 Building Resilience to Violent Extremism	Target	Level 2	Level 3	Not Set
	Out-turn	Level 2	Level 2	

2.3 There is no new data available for NI17 perception of anti-social behaviour. New results may be available in January / February 2011

### NI 17

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 17 Perceptions of Anti-social Behaviour	Target	14%	Not Set	13%	11%	9.4%
	Out-turn		13%	11.3%	14%	

2.4 There is no new data available for NI41 perceptions of drunk or rowdy behaviour. New results may be available in January / February 2011

### NI41

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 41 Perceptions of drunk or rowdy behaviour as a problem	Target	No Data	No Data	Not Set	Not Set	16.1%
	Out-turn			18.4% (Place)	22% (TA)	

2.5 There is no new data available for NI42 perceptions of drug dealing as a problem. New results may be available in January / February 2011

**NI42**

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 42 Perceptions of drugs or drug dealing as a problem	Target	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	14.9%
	Out-turn	25% (TA)	24% (TA)	17.3% (Place)	19% (TA)	

2.6 There is no new available data for these perception indicators. These indicators take in to account how services understand and successfully deal with local problems.

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 21 % of residents who agree that police and other local services are successfully dealing with ASB and crime in their local area	Target	No Data	No Data	Not Set	Not Set	31.9%
	Out-turn			29.2%	----	

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 27 Understanding of local concerns about anti-social behaviour and crime by the local council and police	Target	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	9.40%
	Out-turn	14%	13%	11.3%	----	

2.7 There is no new available data for the Talk-about indicator about speeding or young people hanging about. The last survey showed that resident's perception of teenagers hanging around in the streets had decreased.

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Talkabout: Residents who think speeding is a problem in their local area	Out-turn	62%	62%	57%	68%	
	Improving ?		Stable	Yes	No	

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Talkabout: Residents who think teenagers hanging around in the streets is a problem in their area	Out-turn	54%	58%	50%	43%	
	Improving ?		No	Yes	Yes	

2.8 Information for NI39 Alcohol Related Harm Admissions has been taken from the Local Alcohol Profiles for England website. Although no narrative can be given around this indicator, the latest data continues to suggest that this indicator is on track to meet the targets in the LAA. This indicator has come in under target for the last eight quarters. York is one of only two areas in North Yorkshire that is predicted to come in under target. A Bid has been put forward in conjunction with the PCT to apply for locally available monies to manage and share Emergency Department information.

**NI 39**

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI39 Alcohol Related Harm Admissions	Target	1270.1	?	1544	1620	1675
	Out-turn		1196.59	1403.53	1413	

2009/10

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009/10
NI39 Alcohol Related Harm Admissions	Target	405	405	405	405	1620
	Out-turn	361	366	339	347	1413

2.9 The latest road safety information is below. Work continues through the Road Safety Task Group. The estimated figure for 2010 is based upon the first six months of the year.

**NI 47 - YORK**

Indicator	Type	2007	2008	2009	2010
NI 47 People killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents	Target	118	95	87	81
	Out-turn	93	95	59	50 (EST)

2.10 The Safer York Partnership website has undergone further improvement to allow the public to comment on all projects and strategies. These comments are filtered automatically to the support team and partners for immediate feedback. The Community Watch website has been integrated into the main Safer York website. Current use of the website has slightly decreased over the last three months. The most popular sections with the public are any currently advertised campaigns.

2.12 Hate crime only increased by 3% when comparing 2009/10 to 2008/09, and based on latest available data is predicted to decrease 3% when comparing 2010/11 to 2009/10.

Indicator	Type	2003/4	2004/5	2005/6	2006/7	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11
Hate Crime	Out-turn	85	104	102	102	68	164	169	164 (Est)
	Direction of Travel								

2.13 The changes in Hate Crimes between 2007/08 and 2008/09 were due to changes in recording standards / classifications which were brought in April 2008.

2.14 There are no significant patterns of hate crime with levels of hate crime matching the overall population figures within wards. The breakdowns for the types of hate crime for their main groupings are as follows:

- 72% Racially motivated
- 16% Homophobic
- 2% Religiously motivated
- 3% Transphobic
- 7% Disability Motivated

2.15 There have been very few repeat victims of hate crime this financial year. Key wards have been Guildhall, Heworth and Micklegate.

2.16 Levels of reported graffiti in the city stay low, although key sites are being targeted through multi-agency action such as the Bumps near York college.

## Drugs & Alcohol

- 3.1 Operation Altn8 has run for the previous two years. It has been decided to re-badge this project as Operation Style (Safer Time in York Let's Enjoy). Operation STYLE was launched on Friday 4<sup>th</sup> June 2010 and is a partnership-led operation aimed at reducing disorder and traffic collisions that occur due to alcohol and drugs. On the opening evening, police officers and volunteers gave out water, snap-maps of York, and on 27 occasions, orders to leave the City Centre under Section 27 of the Violent Crime Reduction Act 2009.
- 3.2 Operation Style ran across thirteen weekends over the summer and within the city centre during the time periods STYLE ran (8 p.m to 6 a.m), there was a 13% reduction in violent crime.
- 3.3 The Night-safe Task group continues to be effective in co-ordinating multi-agency projects. It is currently completing a review and upgrade of the Cumulative Impact Zone (CIZ) in order to stabilise the levels of city centre violent crime. Information available on the CIZ suggests that violent crime fell by 25% between 2008/09 and 2009/10. This is compared to violent crime falling by 8% city-wide.
- 3.4 Quarter 4 data for NI38 Drug Related Offending has finally been released and indicates that the actual amount of drug related offending is lower than it is predicted to be. The latest data, up to Q3 09/10, suggest that York is on track to meet this indicator.

### 2009/10

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009/10 (Est)
NI 38 Drug Related (Class A) Offending Rate	Cohort Size	40	40	40	40	37
	Predicted Offences	37.8	32.2	28.9	24.3	123.2
	Actual Offences	16	28	36	15	95
	Ratio Target	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05
	Ratio Out-turn	0.42	0.87	1.25	0.62	0.77

- 3.5 At present there is still no information on the national hub regarding National Indicator 40, Drugs users in effective treatment. Enquiries have been made with the DAT to see if this indicator can be provided locally but due to data methodology, with information being matched across a number of partners, this cannot be done.
- 3.6 Criminal Justice information from partners has recently been developed and structured for the forthcoming Joint Strategic Needs Assessment. A couple of key points from this information include:
- Just under 550 drugs offences recorded in York by North Yorkshire Police in 2009/10. Mainly for cannabis offences although offences for heroin, cocaine, amphetamine, methadone and amphetamine.
  - Around 30 new drug related cases recorded on CYC housing system in 09/10
  - Around 100 calls for service from the public to CYC to remove drug-related litter. This is mainly centred within the Guildhall, Clifton and Micklegate wards.

- Drug Offences are still mainly recorded around the night-time economy and are city-centre based.
- 24% of OASYS surveys conducted on York Offenders report having a main drug use in the last 6 months. Around 44% of these assessments found cannabis was their main drug used; followed by other types which are predominantly Methadone; Ketamine and Subutex (26%); and heroin (17%).
- Around 19% of York individuals assessed by the OASYS surveys admitted to having injected drugs; with only 5% currently and 14% in the recent past.
- Around 4% of OASYS respondents in York admitted to having committed violent behaviour related to their drug use, with 18% who currently using drugs admitting to the same.
- Around 34% of OASYS respondents in York who admitted to currently using drugs have self-harmed, attempted suicide or had suicidal thoughts or feelings. This is compared to only 11% who admitted to currently using drugs but have been diagnosed with psychological problems and/or depression.

### Volume Crime (including Burglary, Vehicle Crime and Cycle Theft)

4.1 NI 16 Serious Acquisitive Crime is continuing to be a low levels. Last year there were 1500 fewer crimes than the year before. Each month of this financial year has been under target, although it is expected we may have 40 crimes more. Significant improvement has been seen in the Iquanta family with York now placed at 9<sup>h</sup> in its most similar family group compared to 13<sup>th</sup> at this stage last year.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
NI16 Serious Acquisitive Crime	293	167	159	175
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		8	11	9

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
NI16 Serious Acquisitive Crime	293	147		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		9		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	4311	4101	3891	3696	3512
Out-turn		3330	3459	1998	2040 (Est)

4.2 Vehicle Crime across all three indicator parts has continued to be low. There is predicted to be a slight rise this year, but this is offset by the significant reductions at the end of 2009/10

### Theft from a Vehicle

		Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Jul	Aug	Sep
Theft from a Vehicle	160.4	72	64	88
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		9	11	9

		Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Oct	Nov	Dec
Theft from a Vehicle	160.4	56		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		10		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target		2248	2133	2026	1925
Out-turn	2363	1680	1749	905	907 (Est)

### Theft of a Vehicle

		Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Jul	Aug	Sep
Theft of a Vehicle	44.8	22	25	20
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		9	8	8

		Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Oct	Nov	Dec
Theft of a Vehicle	44.8	21		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		7		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target		628	596	566	538
Out-turn	660	492	437	263	291 (Est)

### Vehicle Interference

		Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Jul	Aug	Sep
Vehicle Interference	36.9	7	6	3
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		14	13	10

		Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Oct	Nov	Dec
Vehicle Interference	36.9	4		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		8		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target		479	467	455	443
Out-turn	492	303	180	111	91 (Est)

4.3 Theft from a vehicle was 55% below its target in 2009/10 and is estimated to finish 52% below in 2010/11. Theft of a vehicle was 53% below its target in 2009/10 and is estimated to finish 45% below in 2010/11. Vehicle interference was 76% below its target in 2009/10, and is estimated to finish 80% below in 2010/11.

4.4 Domestic Burglary reduced by 37% when comparing 2009/10 to 2008/09. Based on the first four months of the year it is predicted to 1% higher than last year.

## Domestic Burglary

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
Domestic Burglary (inc Attempts)	73.3	63	64	59
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		9	9	9

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
Domestic Burglary (inc Attempts)	73.3	58		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		9		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	1081	1029	976	927	880
Out-turn		989	1126	713	722 (Est)

4.5 The Burglary Task Group has re-visited its action plans, as large schemes such as alley-gating and burglary packs have been completed, and prioritised actions such as promoting shed security and the sale of subsidised equipment, targeting of car boot sales and second-hand dealers and promoting of neighbourhood watch schemes in target areas. There have been the usual summer trends of allotment crime and actions were put in place to deal with these. There is no new perception data from the Talk-about on concern about leaving your home empty.

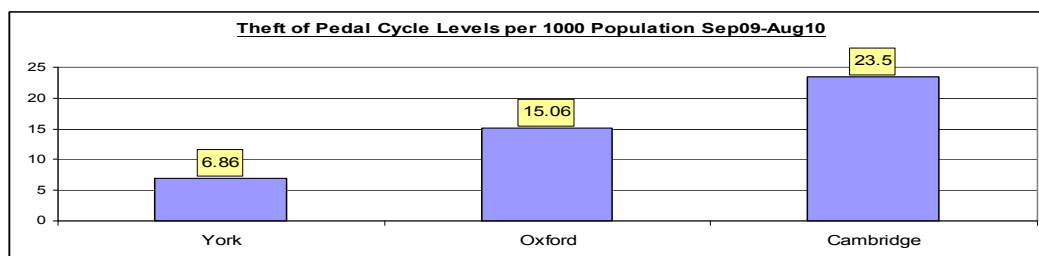
4.6 Theft or unauthorised taking of a cycle has seen large increases in the last three months, and is predicted to 40 to 45% higher than last year which equates to around 500 more crimes.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
Theft of Pedal Cycle	96	161	137	141
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		15	15	15

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
Theft of Pedal Cycle	96	151		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		15		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	1414	1345	1276	1212	1152
Out-turn		1198	1014	1120	1637 (Est)

4.7 York has historically had a large number of cycle thefts largely because of the high number of cycles and cycle users. The vast majority of cycles are being stolen from Guildhall Ward (City Centre). York compares favourable in terms of cycle theft compared to other cycling cities, with Cambridge having four times the levels of cycle theft per head of population, and Oxford having double the level of cycle theft per head of population.





- 4.8 A large number of cycles are being stolen from the Micklegate, Hull Road and Huntington Wards. York University and York College have been targeted over last three months.
- 4.9 Bikes are being stolen from the City Centre cycle racks, most are going from Kings Square / St Andrewgate; Museum Gardens' Parliament Street; Wellington Road/Tanners Moat; and St Helens Square respectively. Work is being with Cycling city to re-organise provision around St Andrewgate and Piccadilly.
- 4.10 92% of the detected York cycle thieves live within York, with only a known few travelling from outside York. 23% of the detected cycle thieves also live within 500m of the location they stole the bike from. 99% of detected cycle thieves are male, and 75% are under 25 years old.
- 4.11 The most common specific item stolen in non-dwelling burglaries (such as shed or garage) are bikes, and in June and July 2010 around a third of all non-dwelling burglaries involved bikes being stolen. Safer York's response to shed security has been increased with new promotional campaigns, discounted items, repeat victimisation programmes and targeting of allotment crime.
- 4.12 In 2009-10, there were very few arrests or detections of pedal cycle thieves. In addition, there were very few bikes recorded as recovered. Of the cycle theft crimes, there have been several detected cycle-theft crimes at York Hospital, York College, Olympian Court and York University – with Guildhall having the most detected out of all the wards. Campaigns to increase the amount of intelligence and information the public and partner agency staff provides to us have been launched. An example of this is below.



- 4.13 Recent actions from the last Cycle Theft Task Group (in July) include deterring cycle thieves by producing stickers for Operation Spoke-marked bikes, new signs on city centre cycle racks advertising 'police tracker bikes' are in operation. Signage has also been placed at racks where cycles are mostly stolen overnight.

4.14 Rat Trap or Tracker Bikes will also be deployed more regularly, particularly as a number will be bought for North Yorkshire Police use on the York University Campus. York University will also be improved against cycle theft by upgrading a number of cycle racks, deploying cycle strips and by producing comprehensive packages for new students. An advertising campaign for Rat-trap bikes has been promoted within York with press articles published on 13<sup>th</sup> October, as well as payslip and bus advertising as below.



4.15 The Safer York Partnership and North Yorkshire Police are working with CYC Trading Standards are targeting prolific thieves who sell on the stolen bikes by cracking down on prolific bike sellers particularly on eBay and Gum-Tree. Bike sellers who sell more than 12 items are now required to register with CYC Trading Standards who are also now supplied with details of all recently stolen bikes.

4.16 Since Operation Spoke (a scheme to UV mark bikes in York to deter and catch cycle thieves, and then help return bikes to their rightful owner) began mid January 2010, there have been almost 6000 bikes registered (by 12<sup>th</sup> October) on the online database. In the short-time Operation Spoke has been in use, the database has already been used to return a number of stolen and missing bikes and arrest any offenders on them.

4.17 Information on the re-offending rate of young offenders is available for the whole of 09/10. This indicator is on track and under target. Data for Quarter 1 of 10/11 is released in late October. Notes from the children and families performance report suggest that:

“Other similar indicators (e.g. LPSA2) show reductions in seriousness and frequency of re-offending by the 35-40% of the cohort that is dealt with by the YOT. York is historically very high compared with statistical family and region. The 2009/1010 cohort has a higher risk profile. Evidence from other systems is that re-offending by the few most prolific ('DYOs') has halved recently in York. York is making better progress now than similar areas.”

**NI 19 - YORK**

Indicator	Type	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 19 Rate of Proven re-offending by young Offenders aged 10 to 17	Target	1.91 (2005)	1.82	1.74	1.66
	Out-turn		1.62	1.17	

**NI 19 - YORK - 2010/11 Quarters**

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2 +	Q3 +	Q4 +
NI 19 Rate of Proven re-offending by young Offenders aged 10 to 17	Target	0.69	1.05	1.4	1.66
	Out-turn	0.53			

4.18 The first time entrants to the Youth Justice System indicator, has been provided in a more concise form after previous board discussions. Notes from the children and families performance report suggest that:

“Historical 06/07 data is unreliable due to longstanding under-reporting by police. 08/09 figures suggest the rate of FTEs had decreased rapidly but then leveled out. 09/10 Q1 figures showed an initial very sharp upturn in numbers given Reprimands by Police but settled back down to target trajectory. Data quality problems with new police system persist. New police system of Youth Restorative Disposals had clear initial impact but needs re-launch; Capable Guardian scheme yet to make impact. York is now making better progress than similar areas.”

**NI 111 - YORK**

Indicator	Type	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 111 First time entrants to the Youth justice System aged 10 to 17	Target	2350	2185	2040	1900
	Out-turn		1810	1559	

**NI 111 - YORK - 2010/11 Quarters**

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2 +	Q3 +	Q4 +
NI 111 First time entrants to the Youth justice System aged 10 to 17	Target	900	1300	1600	1900
	Out-turn	220	446		

4.19 It was also suggested that NI43 is included here. Notes from the Children and families performance report suggest that:

“York has low levels of serious youth crime and the YOT has the confidence of the magistrates on community sentences e.g. Intensive Supervision & Surveillance. Very small numbers mean percentages can fluctuate significantly. Long-term, York is at national average rate but sharp reduction in custody numbers recently (almost halved).”

**NI 43**

Indicator	Type	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 43 Young people within the Youth Justice System receiving a conviction in court who are sentenced to custody	Target	3.6%	5%	5%	4%
	Out-turn		4.9%	2.60%	2.1% (EST)

**NI 43 - YORK - 2010/11 Quarters**

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2 +	Q3 +	Q4 +
NI 43 Young people within the Youth Justice System receiving a conviction in court who are sentenced to custody	Target	4%	4%	4%	4%
	Out-turn	2.1%	2.7%		

4.20 The re-offending rate of PPOs continues to be on track in York. This indicator has been under target for the last eight quarters. York achieved a reduction of 46% compared to a target of 21%. This is the second year in a row they have far outstretched their target.

## 2009/10

Indicator	Type	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009/10 (Est)
NI 30 Re-offending Rate of Prolific and Priority Offenders	Baseline Offences	21.25	21.25	21.25	21.25	85
	Target	17	17	16	17	67
	Out-turn	12	7	9	18	46
	% Reduction Target	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%
	% Reduction Out-turn	44%	67%	58%	15%	46%

4.21 Other elements of serious acquisitive crime, such as robbery continue to have low levels in York. Aggravated vehicle taking is above target but is predicted to have the same levels as last year. There is predicted to be a rise in personal robbery of around 15%, but this only equates to thirteen crimes.

### Robbery of Business Property

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	24	22	21	20
Out-turn			45	15	15 (Est)

### Robbery of Personal Property

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	159	151	143	136	130
Out-turn		137	73	74	87 (Est)

### Aggravated Burglary in a Dwelling

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	10	9	9	8
Out-turn			5	10	2 (Est)

### Aggravated Vehicle Taking

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	14	13	12	11
Out-turn			24	18	15 (Est)

4.22 The latest data (March 2010) shows York has for the first time shown a lower actual rate than the predicted/target rate. There have now been two months in a row showing good performance. The actual re-offending rate of 12.26% is the lowest it has been since this indicator commenced measurement.

Indicator	Type	2010/11			
		Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
NI 18 Adult Reoffending Rate	Predicted	No Available Data	11.87%	12.01%	12.23%
	Actual		13.02%	14.16%	14.25%
	Difference		9.62%	17.90%	16.47%

Indicator	Type	2009/10			
		Jun-09	Sep-09	Dec-09	Mar-10
NI 18 Adult Reoffending Rate	Predicted	12.34%	12.56%	12.66%	12.49%
	Actual	14.42%	14.38%	12.92%	12.26%
	Difference	16.88%	14.52%	2.03%	-1.85%

## Violent Crime

- 5.1 Work is continuing through the Domestic Abuse Steering Group and the York and North Yorkshire Joint co-coordinating group.
- 5.2 NI 32 – Repeat Incidents of a MARAC, is the main performance indicator for domestic violence. This indicator measures the percentage of repeat MARACs compared to initial MARACs. Although this has been above target for 2008/09, 2009/10 and potentially this financial year, comparative information suggests York is performing well. This was a new indicator in 2007/08 and there were issues over the target setting and methodology.

Indicator	Type	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 32 Repeat Incidents of Domestic Violence Cases reviewed as a MARAC	Target	8.3% (Est)	7%	6%	5%
	Out-turn	8.3%	10.8%	17.6%	15%

- 5.3 The latest independent evaluation of this process by CAADA was positive, as it stated:

"Your repeats at MARAC are significantly low, this is unusual as the longest running MARACs typically have a repeat rate over 30% and the national average is 21.5%."

- 5.4 In 2009/10 there were 2197 incidents of domestic violence in York, and this is compared to 2025 incidents in 2008/09 – this shows a general increase of 8% between the two financial years. When each domestic violence incident is considered by its level, York had 13% more level 1's, 13% fewer level 2's, and 8% more level 3's in 2009/10 than in 2008/09. No data is yet available for 2010/11.
- 5.5 There were 757 incidents of Repeat Domestic Violence in 2009/10 compared to 696 incidents in 2008/09. This shows an 8% increase in York between the two years.
- 5.6 Information regarding NI34 - Murders connected to Domestic Violence shows York had none in 2009/10. There have been none in Q1 and Q2 of this financial year

Indicator	Type	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
NI 34 Domestic Violence Murder	Target	N/a	0	0	0
	Out-turn	N/a	0	0	0

5.7 NI20 Assault with injury is still a cause for concern. There have been small rises in these crimes in the last couple of months, and levels at this stage are predicted to be 9% higher than last year. York is placed 4th in its most similar families, suggesting we are performing comparatively well. Much of the work to tackle violent crime is driven through the Night-safe Task group and has been reported in the Drugs and Alcohol section previously.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
NI20 Assault with Injury	76.8	106	116	93
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		4	2	4

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
NI20 Assault with Injury	76.8	99		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		7		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	1024	990	956	922
Out-turn			1239	1140	1238 (Est)

5.8 The base-line for NI15 has been changed from 07/08 to 08/09 due to issues of data recording. Last year, most police forces in England and Wales were asked to reclassify their violent crimes due to inconsistencies and intricacies of violent crime recording. It was felt therefore that the baseline year 07/08 was not a true reflection of the levels of serious violent crime. Of the crimes recorded as Serious Violent Crime there seems to be no identifiable pattern and very few repeat incidents of crimes.

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 2 - 2010 / 11		
		Jul	Aug	Sep
NI15 Serious Violent Crime	11.3	11	8	8
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		12	13	10

Indicator	Monthly Target by 2010/11	Quarter 3 - 2010 / 11		
		Oct	Nov	Dec
NI15 Serious Violent Crime	11.3	15		
(Iquanta Position out of 15)		11		

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	N/a	151	144	136
Out-turn				123	122 (Est)

5.9 Gun Crime and Knife crime offences continue to have very small numbers. Analysis has been completed on Gun Crime as it has seen a rise last year and is due to come in above target this year. This analysis shows that the majority of incidents are of an anti-social behaviour nature involving BB or pellet guns in cases of criminal damage

### Knife Crime

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	67	64	62	60
Out-turn			60	40	41 (Est)

## Gun Crime

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	2	2	2	2
Out-turn			5	13	10 (Est)

5.10 There is no new Talk-About perception data on residents going about alone.

Indicator	Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Talkabout: Residents concerned about going out alone in York	Out-turn	27%	27%	25%	24%	
	Improving ?		Stable	Yes	Yes	

## **Business Crime**

6.1 Although Business Crime does not feature within the performance management framework aligned to the Community Safety Plan, it remains a priority for the Guildhall Safer Neighbourhood Team (SNT) and for the Partnership. Addressing local priorities remains a priority for the SNTs under the policing pledge but also close collaborative working between the business community and SYP. Demonstrating initiatives to tackle all aspects of crime and disorder play a big part in increasing public confidence.

6.2 Safer York Partnership has established a Business Crime group which is working with the business community, Community Watch and RACY to develop initiatives to target business crime. Targets have been set for crime categories in Business crime. These are not part of LAA framework and have been created by the Business Crime group to monitor progress in line with other Safer York Partnership delivery groups.

6.3 The latest business crime figures are below (Robbery of a Business Property is covered in the Serious Acquisitive Crime Section). There is no comparison information on Iquanta at present for Theft by an Employee, Burglary of a Business Premise or Making off Without Payment.

## Shoplifting

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	1645	1617	1590	1563
Out-turn			1745	1573	1726 (Est)

## Burglary of Business Premises

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	466	458	450	443
Out-turn			N/a	342	408 (Est)

## Making Off Without Payment

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	98	96	94	93
Out-turn			N/a	101	96 (Est)

## Fraud

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	261	256	252	248
Out-turn			N/a	311	286 (Est)

## Theft by an Employee

Type	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Baseline / Target	N/a	42	41	41	40
Out-turn			43	33	46 (Est)

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